MATH 161 — Precalculus¹ Community College of Philadelphia

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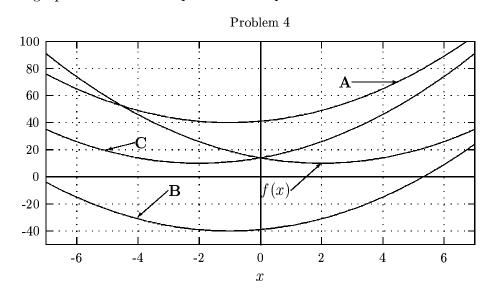
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Math 161 — Chapter 5

Class Exercises

- 1. Use a computer or graphing calculator to graph the following functions and give the domain and range of the function:
 - (a) $f_1(x) = \sqrt{9x}$
 - (b) $f_2(x) = \sqrt{x+9}$
 - (c) $f_3(x) = \sqrt{x} + 9$
 - (d) $f_4(x) = \sqrt{-9x}$
 - (e) $f_5(x) = 9\sqrt{x}$
 - (f) $f_6(x) = -\sqrt{9x}$
 - (g) $f_7(x) = \sqrt{x+2} + 9$
 - (h) $f_8(x) = \sqrt{-5x+2} 5$
 - (i) $g_1(x) = |3x|$
 - (j) $g_2(x) = |x+3|$
 - (k) $g_3(x) = |x| + 3$
 - (1) $g_4(x) = |3| + x$
 - (m) $g_5(x) = 3|x|$
 - (n) $g_6(x) = |-x| 5$
 - (o) $g_7(x) = 2|2x+3|-9$
- 2. For each set of conditions, give an example of a square root function (that is, a function of the form $f(x) = a\sqrt{bx+c} + d$) satisfying the conditions, where possible. If not possible, explain why not.
 - (a) Domain is $[1, \infty)$, range is $[2, \infty)$
 - (b) f(1) = 0 and range is $(-\infty, 1]$
 - (c) Domain is $(-\infty, \infty)$, range is $[0, \infty)$
- 3. For each set of conditions, give an example of an absolute value function (that is, function of the form f(x) = a|bx + c| + d) satisfying the conditions, where possible. If not possible, explain why not.
 - (a) Domain is $(-\infty, \infty)$, range is $[-7, \infty)$
 - (b) Domain is [6, 10], range is $(-\infty, \infty)$
 - (c) f(5) = -3 and f(0) = 2

4. The graph below includes plots of four quadratic functions.



The four functions are given below. Match the functions with the label of the appropriate graph.

$$f(x) = (x-2)^{2} + 10$$

$$g(x) = (x+2)^{2} + 10$$

$$h(x) = (x+1)^{2} + 40$$

$$i(x) = (x+1)^{2} - 40$$

- 5. Give the vertex of each parabola above.
- 6. Each of the quadratics graphed above is a translation of $f(x) = x^2$. Describe the translation (that is, how many units the original graph is moved horizontally and vertically in each case).
- 7. On a single coordinate system, sketch the graph of each of the following functions:

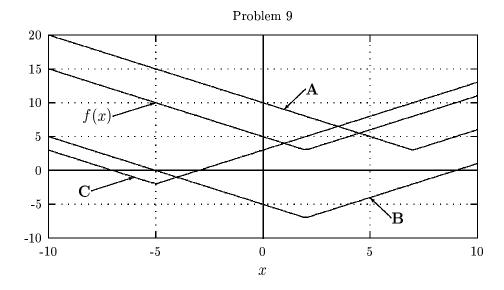
(a)
$$f(x) = x^2$$

(b)
$$g(x) = (x-3)^2$$

(c)
$$h(x) = (x-3)^2 + 2$$

8. On a single coordinate system, sketch the graph of each of the following functions:

- (a) $f(x) = x^2$
- (b) $g(x) = .5x^2$
- (c) $h(x) = 2x^2$
- 9. The graph below includes plots of four absolute value functions.



The four functions are given below. Match the functions with the label of the appropriate graph.

$$f(x) = |x-2| + 3$$

$$g(x) = |x-7| + 3$$

$$h(x) = |x-2| - 7$$

$$i(x) = |x+5| - 2$$

- 10. On a single coordinate system, sketch the graph of each of the following functions:
 - (a) f(x) = |x|
 - (b) g(x) = |x 3| + 2
 - (c) h(x) = |x+5| 4
- 11. Describe the translation that gives each of the graphs above starting from y = |x|.

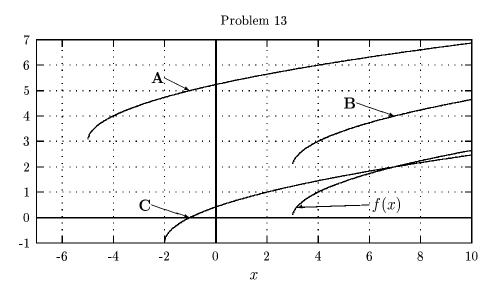
12. On a single coordinate system, sketch the graph of each of the following functions:

(a)
$$f(x) = |x|$$

(b)
$$g(x) = .5|x|$$

(c)
$$h(x) = 2|x|$$

13. The graph below includes plots of four square-root functions.



The four functions are given below. Match the functions with the label of the appropriate graph.

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x-3}$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{x-3} + 2$$

$$h(x) = \sqrt{x+2} - 1$$

$$i(x) = \sqrt{x+5} + 3$$

- 14. For each function above, describe the translation of $y = \sqrt{x}$ that gives it.
- 15. On a single coordinate system, sketch the graph of each of the following functions:

(a)
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x}$$

(b)
$$g(x) = \sqrt{x-2}$$

(c)
$$h(x) = \sqrt{x+3} - 2$$

- 16. The function f(x) = |x| is plotted on the graph below, along with three functions that are simple translations of the function f.
 - (a) Give the formula for the function a.
 - (b) Give the formula for the function b.
 - (c) Give the formula for the function c.

Problem 16

