

BUCKNELL UNIVERSITY
Computer Science

CSCI 315 Operating Systems Design

Operating System Structures & Processes

Notice: The slides for this lecture have been largely based on those accompanying the textbook *Operating Systems Concepts with Java*, by Silberschatz, Galvin, and Gagne (2003). Many, if not all, the illustrations contained in this presentation come from this source.

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Operating System Design Goals

- User goals – operating system should be convenient to use, easy to learn, reliable, secure, and fast.
- System goals – operating system should have a simple design, be easy to implement, and maintain, as well as be flexible, reliable, error-free, and efficient.

System Implementation

- Traditionally written in assembly language, operating systems can now be written in higher-level languages.
- Code written in a high-level language:
 - Can be written faster,
 - Is more compact, and
 - Is easier to understand and debug.
- An operating system is far easier to *port* (move to some other hardware) if it is written in a high-level language.

Chapter 3

Processes

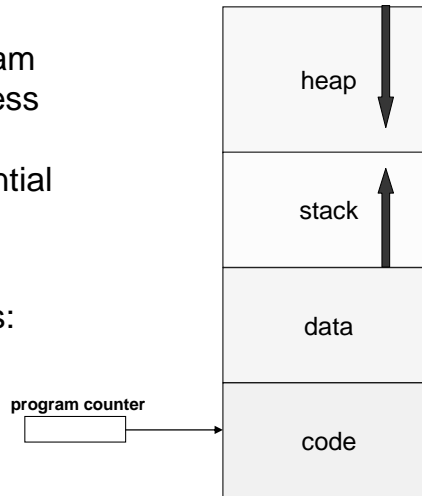
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Process Concept

- Process – a program in execution; process execution must progress in sequential fashion.
- A process includes:
 - program counter,
 - stack,
 - data section.



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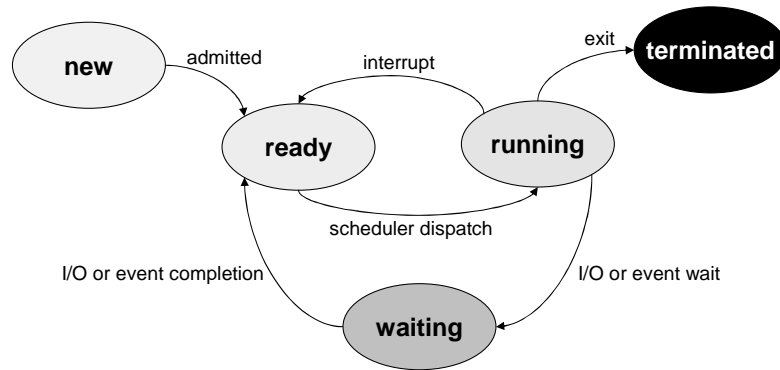
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Process State

As a process executes, it changes **state**:

- **new**: The process is being created.
- **running**: Instructions are being executed.
- **waiting**: The process is waiting for some event to occur.
- **ready**: The process is waiting to be assigned to a processor.
- **terminated**: The process has finished execution.

Process State Transition Diagram



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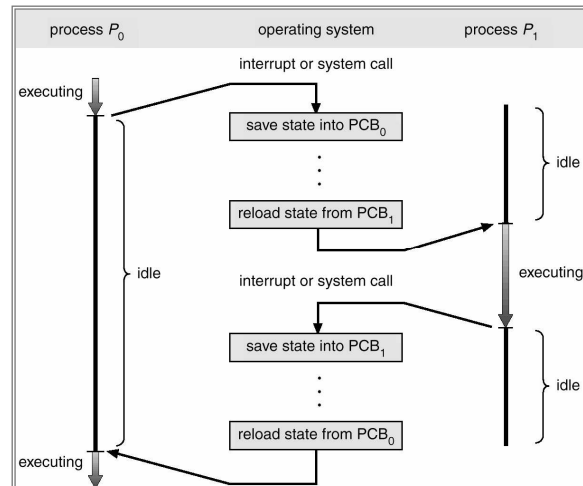
Process Control Block (PCB)

OS bookkeeping information
associated with each process:

- Process state,
- Program counter,
- CPU registers,
- CPU scheduling information,
- Memory-management information,
- Accounting information,
- I/O status information,
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process id
process state
program counter
registers
memory limits
list of open files
⋮

CPU Switching



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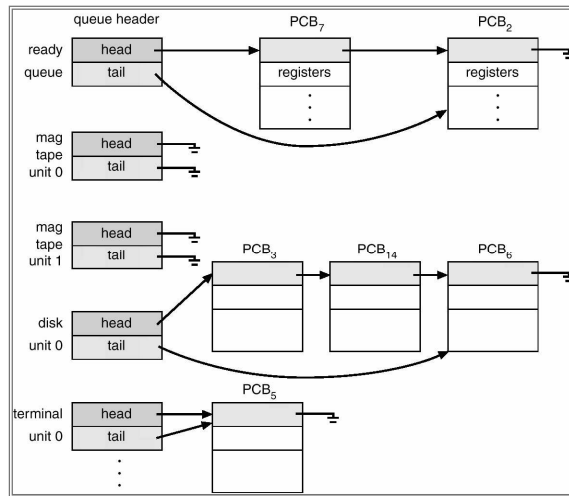
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Process Scheduling Queues

- **Job queue** – set of all processes in the system.
- **Ready queue** – set of all processes residing in main memory, ready and waiting to execute.
- **Device queues** – set of processes waiting for an I/O device.

Processes migrate between the various queues.

Processes and OS Queues

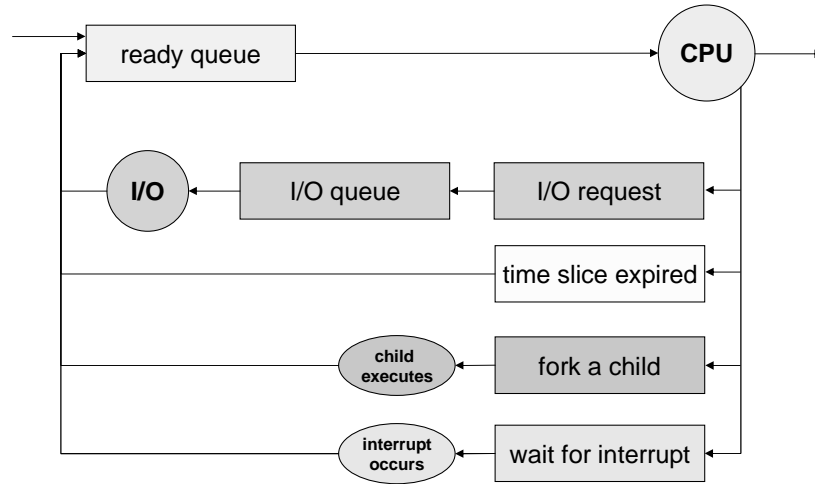


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Process Scheduling



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