

## Consider the following function definitions

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def y():
    """ y takes no inputs... and always returns 1
    """
    return 1

def w(x):
    """ w computes and returns thrice
        input x: any
    """
    return 3*x

def t(x):
    """ t computes thrice its input plus one
        input x: any number (int or float)
    """
    return 3*x + 1

def r(x,y):
    """ r shows some less-common arithmetic operators
        input x: any number (int or float)
        input y: any number (int or float, more likely int)
    """
    return (x**2 % y) + 2

def f(a,b):
    """ f demonstrates the use of conditionals (if/elif/else)
        input a: any number (int or float)
        input b: any number (int or float)
    """
    if a < b:
        return (b-1) * (b-2)
    else:
        return (a+4) * (b+4)

def m(s):
    """ m returns the string reconstructed
        Input s: any string
    """
    c = len(s)
    if c < 2:
        return s
    elif c == 2:
        return s[1] + s[0]
    else:
        c = (c - 1) // 2
        return s[c] + s[0:c] + s[c+1:]
```

## Write down answers to the following questions

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|------|---|-------|---|
| I.   | What is the value of <code>y()</code> ? | VII.  | What is <code>f(t(y()),r(8,5))</code> ? |
| II.  | What is <code>w(3)</code> ?             | VIII. | What is <code>m('1234')</code> ?        |
| III. | What is <code>w('ab')</code> ?          | IX.   | What is <code>m('1')</code> ?           |
| IV.  | What is <code>t(3)</code> ?             | X.    | What is <code>m('123')</code> ?         |
| V.   | What is <code>r(7,8)</code> ?           |       |   |
| VI.  | What is <code>f(0,0)</code> ?           |       |   |