

1. Given an integer n, return the sum of numbers from 1 to n. For example,

- one\_to\_sum(3) should return 6 ( $1+2+3 == 6$ )
- one\_to\_sum(5) should return 15 ( $1+2+3+4+5 == 15$ )

2. Given a list of numbers num\_list, return the sum of all the numbers in num\_list. For example,

- sum\_list([2, 6, 9]) should return 17
- sum\_list([4]) should return 4

3. Given an integer n, return a list containing the first n multiples of 5. For example,

- mult\_of\_five(1) should return [5]
- mult\_of\_five(3) should return [5, 10, 15]

4. Given the base b and an exponent n, compute base to the power of n. For example,

- power\_n(2, 2) should return 4
- power\_n(2, 3) should return 8
- power\_n(3, 2) should return 9

5. Given a string `my_string`, return a new string in which each letter is doubled. For example,

- `double_letters("hi")` should return "hhii"
- `double_letters("hello")` should return "hheelllloo"

6. Given a string `my_string`, return a string WITHOUT all the letter x's. For example,

- `no_x("x1xx2x3")` should return "123"
- `no_x("xxx")` should return ""

7. Given a string `my_string`, return a string in which all the characters are separated by \*. For example,

- `all_star("hello")` should return "h\*e\*l\*i\*o"
- `all_star("hi")` should return "h\*i"