

# SUMMARY FOR EXAM 2

ch3 & 4; HW14-24

Overall Summary: determine  $V(\vec{r})$ ,  $\vec{E}(\vec{r})$ ,  $\vec{D}(\vec{r})$ ,  $\sigma_b(\vec{r})$ ,  $\rho_b(\vec{r})$ ,  $\sigma(\vec{r})$

① Uniqueness Theorems:

- o for proof:  $V(\vec{r}) = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0 R^2} \oint V da$  } not on exam 2 HW14
- o proof theorems
- apply (2 & 3)

② Method of Images:

- find images, show bound. cond. satisfied HWs 15, 16, 20
- $\vec{E}_{\text{orig}}$ ,  $\sigma = -\epsilon_0 \frac{\partial V}{\partial n}$

③ Separation of Variables

- $\nabla^2 V = -\frac{\rho}{\epsilon_0}$  mostly  $\nabla^2 V = 0$  HW 17, 18, 24, 22
- do separation of variables  $\rightarrow$  diff. equs.
- find general solution
- name boundary conditions
- find coefficients (incl. Fourier's trick)

④ Multipole Expansion:

- o derive } not on exam HW19
- determine  $V_{\text{mon}}$ ,  $V_{\text{dip}} \rightarrow \vec{E}_{\text{dip}}$ ,  $\vec{p}$ ,  $\vec{T}$

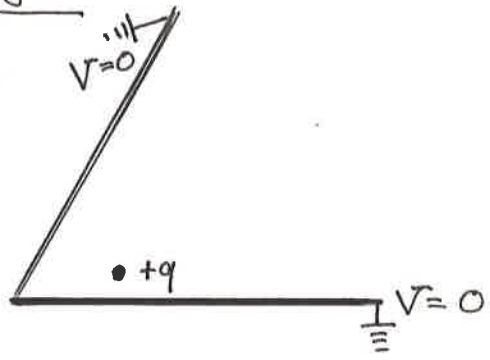
⑤ Dipole & Polarization:

- $\vec{p}$ ,  $\vec{N}$ ,  $\vec{E}$  HW20,
- $\vec{P}$ ,  $\sigma_b$ ,  $\rho_b \rightarrow \vec{E}$  HW21, 22

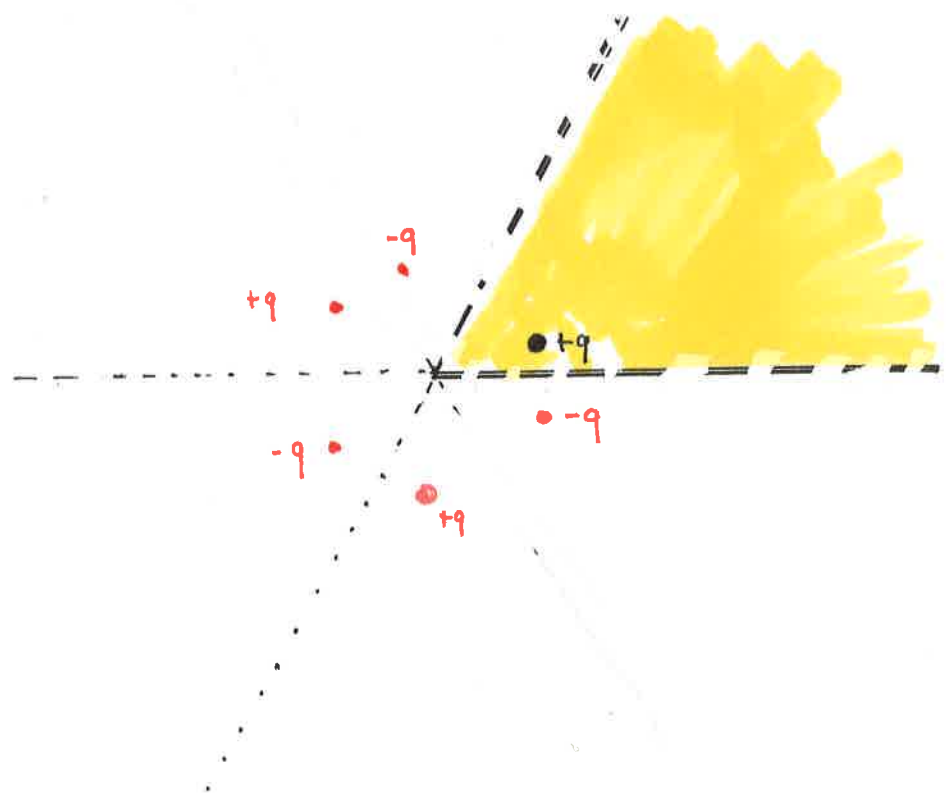
⑥ Dielectrics

- $\vec{D}$ , Gauss's Law,  $\vec{P}$ ,  $\vec{E}$ ,  $\epsilon_0 \epsilon_r$ ,  $\rho_e$  HW20-24
- boundary conditions for  $\vec{D}_{\text{above}}$  etc.,  $D_{\text{above}}$  etc.,  $\vec{E}_{\text{above}}$  etc.,  $\vec{E}_{\text{above}}^{\perp}$  etc. HW22
- boundary conditions for  $V_{\text{above}}$ ,  $\frac{\partial V_{\text{above}}}{\partial n}$  etc. HW24
- $W$  and  $C = \frac{Q}{V}$  HW23, HW24

# Method of Images

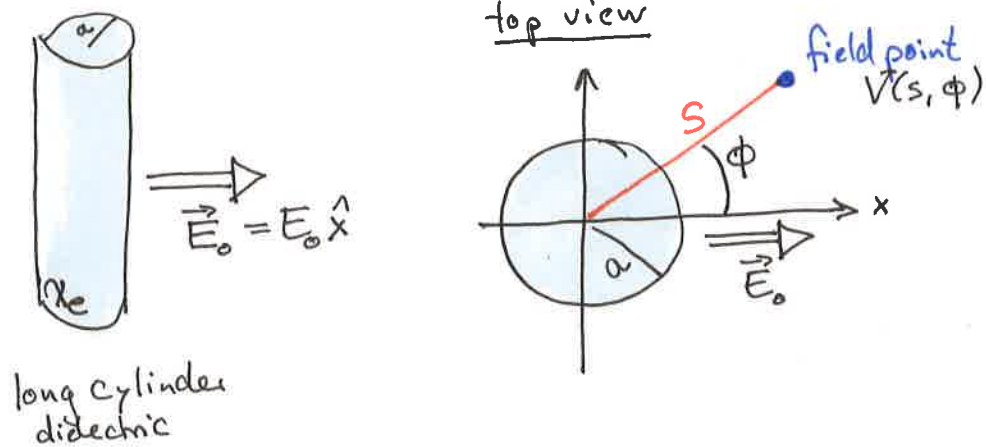


Sketch the image charge(s)



Note:  $\rightarrow V(\vec{r})$ ,  $\vec{E}(\vec{r})$ ,  $\vec{F}_{onq}$ ,  $\sigma_{induced}$

# Separation of Variables



Derive Diff. Eqs. using separation of variables

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(HW#18.2)  $V(s, \phi, z) = V(s, \phi) = S(s) \Phi(\phi)$

$$\nabla^2 V = 0$$

$$\nabla^2 V = \frac{1}{s} \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \left( s \frac{\partial S}{\partial s} \right) \Phi(\phi) + \frac{1}{s^2} \left( \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \phi^2} \Phi \right) S(s) = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{S} s \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \left( s \frac{\partial S}{\partial s} \right) = - \frac{1}{\Phi} \left( \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \phi^2} \Phi \right) = k^2$$

# Separation of Variables (continued)

boundary conditions

(HW24.1)

(i)  $V_{in} = V_{out}$

(ii)  $\epsilon_{in} \frac{\partial V_{in}}{\partial n} = \epsilon_{out} \frac{\partial V_{out}}{\partial n}$

(iii)  $V_{out}(s \rightarrow \infty) = -E_0 s \cos \theta$

... →

(i) 
$$\sum a^k (a_k \cos(k\phi) + b_k \sin(k\phi)) = -E_0 a \cos \phi + \sum a^{-k} (c_k \cos(k\phi) + d_k \sin(k\phi))$$

(ii) 
$$\epsilon_r \sum k a^{k-1} (a_k \cos(k\phi) + b_k \sin(k\phi)) = -E_0 \cos \phi - \sum k a^{-k-1} (c_k \cos(k\phi) + d_k \sin(k\phi))$$

Determine  $b_k, d_k$

Treat  $\cos(k\phi), \sin(k\phi)$  like  $\hat{x}, \hat{y}, \hat{z}$   
complete set of orthogonal solutions

$$\vec{A} = \vec{B}$$

$$A_x \hat{x} + A_y \hat{y} + A_z \hat{z} = B_x \hat{x} + B_y \hat{y} + B_z \hat{z}$$

i)  $a^k b_k = a^{-k} d_k \rightarrow d_k = a^{2k} b_k$

ii)  $\epsilon_r k a^{k-1} b_k = -k a^{-k-1} d_k \rightarrow d_k = -\epsilon_r a^{2k} b_k = -\epsilon_r d_k$

→  $b_k = d_k = 0$