

Homework Assignment #29

(due Oct. 31, 2020, 11pm, via gradescope)

1. Griffiths 5.23

Hint: Please see sketch provided in class (course webpage see Lecture Notes for Oct. 28). In this sketch the wire is on the z -axis and the field point (observation point) is on the horizontal axis.

2. Griffiths 5.24

Hint: First determine \vec{A} , then \vec{B} , and then \vec{J} .

3. Griffiths 5.26

Hints: Assuming that the wire is along the z -axis, you can conclude from the symmetry, that $\vec{A} = A(s)\hat{\mathbf{z}}$.

For (a) we know \vec{B} , so use $\nabla \times \mathbf{A} = \vec{B}$, and integrate to get \vec{B} .

For (b) first use Ampère's law to get \vec{B} , then use the same approach as in (a). To determine the integration constants use $\vec{A}_{\text{inside}}(s = R) = \vec{A}_{\text{outside}}(s = R)$

4. (not required to be handed in) For next class, Oct. 30, add to the page of the summary triangles boundary conditions and the multipole expansion for electrostatics and for magnetostatics.