### **Taking Better Photos**

By Dan Hyde



March 23, 2017

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## How to take good photos?

- 1. Understand the features and quirks of your camera.
- 2. Always have a camera with you.
- 3. Shoot lots of pictures.
- 4. Use the 8 tips from last time.
- $5. \ \ \, \text{Know the basics of visual composition (Coming up!)}. \\$
- 6. Learn skills of observation and how to select interesting and unusual scenes. "Learn to See!"
- 7. Share your photos with others and discuss why some photos "work" and others don't.

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# Photographer's Goal



Grab the attention of the viewer; communicate an idea; or share an experience, mood, or emotion.

What's the difference between a "snapshot" and a "good photo"?

Many good <u>photography books</u>. One I like is *Langford's Starting Photography* by Michael Langford and Philip Andrews, 7<sup>th</sup> edition, Focal Press, 2015 (about \$25 at Amazon.com)

Photo by Mary Jane Hyde

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## Simple Ideas in Composition

- A photo is a 2-D frame of a 3-D world.
  - What to include in the frame? What to exclude?
  - Use your viewfinder to frame the image.
  - Zoom in with your lens or walk closer.
  - Look for distortions such as too close and large nose.
  - We want pleasant balance within the frame.
- Looking/moving into the space.
- Use frame within frame to focus attention on subject.
- Use illusion of depth. Many ways to accomplish.
  - Landscape fore, middle, and background
  - Shading

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# Looking/Moving into Space





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### Use Frame within Frame





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# Use Illusion of Depth



## "Rule of Thirds"





- · Placing subject in the center can be boring, try Rule of Thirds.
- Divide the screen into thirds with two horizontal lines and two vertical lines. Some cameras have a built-in grid for this.
- Place subject at an intersection or along a line.
- Really a guideline and not a rule to always follow!
- Based on Golden Ratio or "Divine Proportion"

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## **Strong Photos**

Usually, the strongest photos are those that are simple and present the subject in a clear, uncluttered way.



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## Some Principles to Apply

- 1. Eyes go to part of image most in focus.
- 2. Eyes go to the <u>brightest</u> part of the image.
- 3. Eyes are attracted to where strong <u>light areas</u> and <u>dark areas</u> are <u>adjacent</u>, i.e., contrasts in tone.
- 4. Eyes take a path through an image.

Use these principles to stimulate interest or manipulate viewer.

- When taking pictures of wildlife, focus on the eyes.
- Use contrasts in tone to focus attention tonal interchange.
- Use leading lines to focus attention.
- Use curved lines to entice eyes to follow.
- Use "S" curves to entice eyes to follow.

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# Photographers work with line, shape, texture, color, and pattern,



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the same as other visual artists, e.g., oil painters.

While most photographers are more interested in the content, i.e., who or what's in a photo, some emphasize the structure of a photo. Attending to both content and structure are important for a unified picture!

The structure is how the visual elements of line, shape, texture, color, and pattern work together to form the image.

In the following images, what are the dominate visual elements?

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Line, shape, texture, color, or pattern?

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Line, shape, texture, color, or pattern?

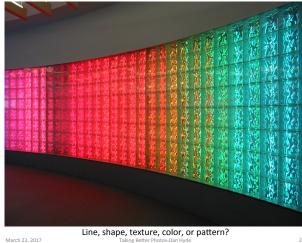


Line, shape, texture, color, or pattern?





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## More on Photo Composition

- Learn to trust your own instincts and feelings.
- The "Wow!" factor.
- Move the camera around and explore the scene.
- Lots of theory is great, but you need a system you can remember and use in the field! Let's look at one.

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### The NYIP System

New York Institute of Photography's Three Guidelines

- 1. "What is the subject of the picture?"
- 2. "Draw attention to your subject."
- 3. "Simplify!"

The beauty of these three guidelines is that you can <u>easily recall</u> and <u>use</u> them while shooting any time.

They are general and flexible. There are many ways to achieve guidelines 2 and 3. Let's practice on some images.

www.nyip.edu - lots of free tips and articles.

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# Guideline1: What is the subject of the picture?



What's the focus?

Ideas on how to apply #2: Draw attention to subject?

Ideas on how to apply #3: Simplify!?

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### Guideline1: What is the subject of the picture?



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Timing critical!

Guideline1: What is the subject of the picture?



### Guideline 1: What is the subject of the picture?



### Guideline 2: Draw attention to your subject.



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Guideline 2: Draw attention to your subject.



Guideline 2: Draw attention to your subject.



Guideline 3: Simplify.



**Use Humor** 



### **Experiment**



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## Questions?

### Exercises for practice:

- 1. Try out the compositional ideas in this presentation.
- 2. Learn the three steps in the compositional system I discussed. Learn to use the three steps in your shooting. Consciously apply the three rules on your next photo shoot.
- 3. With a friend, look through magazines such as National Geographic for images with good composition and analyze why.

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