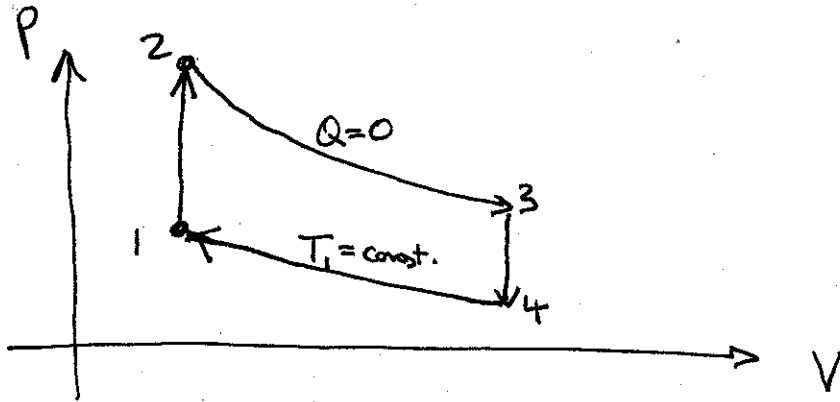
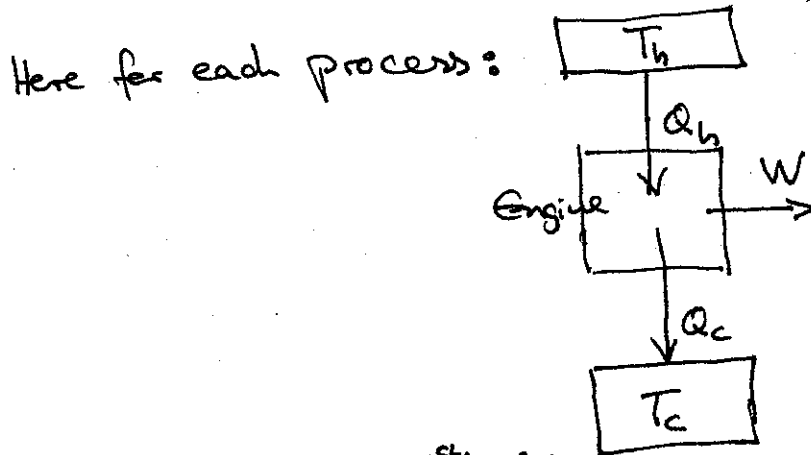


Jeopardy Engine Problem



Solution should have been: $Q_h = Q_{12} + \overbrace{Q_{23}}^{=0}$
 $= \Delta U_{12} = \frac{f}{2} Nk (T_2 - T_1)$



1 → 2: $W_{12} = 0$ $Q_{12} \stackrel{\text{1st Law of Th.}}{=} \Delta U_{12} = \frac{f}{2} Nk (T_2 - T_1)$

You heat up engine by having heat flow into engine

↳ Q_{12} contributes to Q_h

2 → 3: $W_{23} = \int_2^3 p dV$ $Q_{23} = 0 \rightarrow$ no contribution

all if I would have chosen 2 → 3 along isotherm

[if I would have asked for 2 → 3 along isotherm: you would have expanded system, ~~to stay~~ so system would try to cool down, to stay along isotherm you need to let heat flow into system so would have given contribution to Q_h]

1st Law of Th.

$$3 \rightarrow 4: W_{34} = 0 \quad Q_{34} = \Delta U_{34} = \frac{f}{2} Nk(T_3 - T_4) < 0$$

$Q_{34} < 0$ so flows out of engine \rightarrow contributes to Q_c

(Or, you release pressure & to stay at same volume, system releases heat)

$$4 \rightarrow 1: W_{41} = \int_4^1 p dV$$

$$\Delta Q_{41} = \underbrace{\Delta U_{41}}_{=0 \text{ along isotherm}} + \int_4^1 p dV = NkT_1 \ln\left(\frac{V_1}{V_4}\right) < 0$$

$\Delta Q_{41} < 0 \rightarrow$ heat flows out of system \rightarrow contributes to Q_c (not Q_h)

OR you compress system, so put in work, you do work on system. To have system not heat up, ~~the system~~ i.e. to stay on isotherm, system has to give up heat, so heat flows out of engine \rightarrow contribution to Q_c